STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

2634

PUBLIC HEARING

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IN RE: FACILITY ODOR MANAGEMENT PROPOSED RULEMAKING

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BEFORE: AL

ALVIN MYERS, Commissioner

DOUG A. GOODLANDER, Nutrient Management

Program Director

KARL DYMOND, Odor Management Program

Coordinator

HEARING:

Thursday, October 11, 2007

7:02 p.m.

LOCATION:

Lancaster County Farm and Home Center

1383 Arcadia Road

Lancaster, PA 17601

WITNESSES: Walt Peechatka, Joe Musser

COPY

Reporter: Daniel Urie

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PROCEEDINGS

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COMMISSIONER MYERS:

Good evening. My name is Alvin Myers.

I'm a Commissioner of the State Conservation

6 Commission, representing the general public. I call

7 this meeting to order at 7:02. It have a rather

lengthy little opening I must read in order to get the

legal stuff done. But before I do that, I'd like to

10 welcome a couple of people. Karl Dymond sitting on my

11 left is staff for the Conservation Commission. And

12 Doug Goodlander would be over here. Doug's also on

13 the staff of Conservation Commission. I'd like to

also welcome Michele Tate from DEP for getting the

15 facilities lined up for us and all this stuff.

I'd like to welcome you to the State

17 Conservation Commission's public hearing on a proposed

18 rulemaking to establish a new Subchapter G in 25 Pa.C.

19 Chapter 83, relating to facility odor management.

The purpose of this hearing is for the

21 Commission to formally accept testimony on the

22 facility odor management proposed rulemaking. In

23 addition to this hearing, the Commission conducted a

24 public hearing on Monday, October 8th, 2007 in DuBois,

25 Pennsylvania to accept testimony on the proposed

1 rulemaking. Prior to this, on October 4, there was a public hearing at this place, a public meeting, which was conducted to give the public the general information we're going to deal with.

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The Commission proposed this rulemaking 6 to address the concerns of the communities in the Commonwealth about odors generated at certain agricultural operations as required by Act 38 of 2005. The proposed rulemaking requires concentrated animal operations, or CAOs, and concentrated animal feeding operations, CAFOs, to develop odor management plans for their new or expanding manure storage facilities and animal housing facilities prior to construction.

The proposed rulemaking would require a two-step process in the development of an odor management plan, which would include an evaluation using various criteria to determine the likely odor impacts, followed by selection of any necessary odor management BMPs which may be needed. The regulations would authorize use of the Odor Site Index developed by odor management experts from Penn State University and approved by the Commission to perform this evaluation, and the use of BMPs from approved sources. The Odor Site Index and the BMPs are described in the Commission's proposed draft Odor Management Guidance,

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which, along with proposed facility odor management rulemaking, was advertised for public comment in the September 1, 2007 issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

rulemaking, the Commission met with various individuals, farm organizations, citizens' groups, environmental organizations and agricultural advisory workgroups and industry groups to discuss the various issues considered for the proposed regulation and to gain their input. In addition, a 12-member Odor Management Committee of the Nutrient Management Advisory Board met routinely and provided input to the Commission on the proposed rulemaking. The Nutrient Management Advisory Board reviewed the proposed rulemaking and recommended that it be forwarded to the Commission for approval. The Commission approved the proposed rulemaking at a March 14th, 2007 meeting.

On September 1, 2007, the Commission published these proposed regulations for public review and comment in the <u>Bulletin</u>. In addition, notices of this hearing and the hearing in DuBois were published in the <u>Lancaster Intelligencer</u> and the <u>DuBois Courier Express</u> newspapers.

In order to give everyone an equal opportunity to comment as proposed, I would like to

establish the following ground rules. One, I will call upon the witnesses who have pre-registered to testify at this hearing. After hearing from these witnesses, I will provide any other interested parties with the opportunity to testify as time allows. testimony is limited to five minutes for each witness. Three, organizations are requested to designate one witness to present testimony on its behalf. Four, each witness is asked to submit three written copies 10 of his or her testimony to aid in the transcribing of 11 the hearing. Please hand us your copies prior to presenting your testimony. Five, please state your name, address and affiliation for the record prior to 13 presenting your testimony. We would appreciate your 15 help by spelling names and terms that may not be 16 generally familiar so the transcript can be as 17 accurate as possible. Because the purpose of the hearing is to receive comments on the proposal, the 18 19 Commission or program staff may question witnesses in 20 order to better understand their testimony. 21 since it's to receive comments, the witnesses may not question the Commission or the Commonwealth agency 22 23 staff.

In addition to or in place of oral testimony presented at today's hearing, interested

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1 persons may submit written comments on this proposal.
 2 All comments must be received by the Commission by
   October 31st, 2007. Comments should be addressed to
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   the State Conservation Commission, Agricultural
   Building, Room 405, 2301 North Cameron Street,
 5 |
   Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, 17110. Comments submitted
   by fax will not be accepted. However, comments may be
   submitted to the Commission by e-mail. And you see
   the e-mail address on the board. This information is
   provided at the front of the room on the board.
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                All comments received at this hearing as
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   well as written comments received by October 31, 2007
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   will be considered by the Commission and will be
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   included in the comment/response document which will
  be reviewed by the Commission before it takes final
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   action on the regulation.
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                Anyone interested in the copy of the
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   transcript of this hearing may contact the reporter
19
   here this evening to arrange to purchase a copy.
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   will now call on the first witness. And the first
21
   witness would be Walt Peechatka from PennAg
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MR. PEECHATKA:

Walt?

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Industries.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I am Walt Peechatka, spelling, P-E-E-C-H-A-T-K-A. I'm the

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1 senior advisor to PennAg Industries Association.
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- 2 PennAg is a trade association representing
- 3 agricultural businesses located in Harrisburg,
- 4 Pennsylvania.
- PennAg appreciates the opportunity to
- 6 present brief oral comments on the proposed rulemaking
- 7 relating to odors from agricultural operations.
- 8 PennAg members own some of the largest poultry and
- 9 swine operations in Pennsylvania. It will be the
- 10 larger operations which will be primarily responsible
- 11 | for implementing these new requirements.
- Allow me to begin by reminding those in
- 13 attendance here tonight that the agricultural
- 14 community accepted the provisions in Act 38 of 2005
- 15 which authorized the development of these regulations.
- 16 We did that even though farming and raising livestock
- 17 was one of the principal and first land uses as
- 18 Pennsylvania was settled and developed over the years.
- 19 As our Right to Farm Act states, farmers have a right
- 20 to farm, and government is not to infringe on that
- 21 | right unless there is a public health and safety
- 22 issue.
- 23 Agriculture endorsed the inclusion of
- 24 odor provisions in return for other provisions in that
- 25 Act which address the issue of local governments

adopting illegal ordinances that infringed on a farmer's right to farm.

These ill-advised local ordinances stymied agriculture and its attempts to grow and be economically viable for a number of years. The agricultural community had also spent upwards of \$400,000 on litigation. Act 38 finally addressed that problem. This rulemaking and the authority for it are something that PennAg and the entire agricultural community agreed to in 2005.

With that bit of background, I will now turn to the regulations and their development. We want to commend the State Conservation Commission for its diligence in bringing the proposed rulemaking forward in a timely way. Rulemaking is a slow and sometimes painful process, and the Commission was confronted by allegations, complaints, threatened litigation for the delay in bringing the rulemaking forward.

We commend the Commission, the Odor
Management Advisory Committee, the Nutrient Management
Advisory Board and all of the partners that worked to
develop workable regulations that agriculture could
live with and which regulatory agencies could
accurately interpret and enforce.

We strongly support the approach that has been utilized in crafting these regulations.

Utilizing odor management practices as standards of performance provides something that is practical, achievable and measurable, and eliminates subjectivity.

We believe these regulations do the job they were intended to do. Hopefully they will help bridge the gap and help foster the relationship between animal agriculture operations and their neighbors. Thank you for the opportunity to provide these brief comments.

COMMISSIONER MYERS:

Thank you, Mr. Peechatka. Any questions, Mr. Goodlander, Mr. Dymond? Thank you very much. The next person listed is the Pennsylvania Farm Bureau with Joe Musser. Joe Musser?

MR. MUSSER:

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Good evening. My name is Joe Musser, and I reside at 13123 Mongul Road, Newburg, Pennsylvania. My family and I own and operate a third generation farm in Franklin County. My sons and I farm approximately 1,000 acres of owned and rented ground, planted mostly in small grains, alfalfa and corn. I am a former owner and operator of a 250-head dairy

operation and have been involved in farming virtually all my life. I remain an interested stakeholder in Pennsylvania's dairy industry, and my current farming operation is closely linked to the Dream Heifer Farm, a permitted concentrated animal feeding operation.

I serve on the Pennsylvania Farm Bureau's Natural and Environmental Resources Committee, and tonight I'm testifying on behalf of Pennsylvania Farm Bureau and the 42,000 farm and rural families that make up our organization's membership. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed facility odor management regulations, which are the subject of tonight's hearing.

I'd like to discuss the rulemaking in the context of the progressive effort the State

Conservation Committee (sic) has made in regulating large animal operations in Pennsylvania. The Nutrient Management Act, which Farm Bureau supported and worked cooperatively to enact, was considered a pioneering step in protecting environmental quality on farms.

Many farmers had serious questions about the legality and its regulatory standards for larger animal operations. However, most would agree that the Act and its regulations have established standards that effectively minimize the risk of pollution, without

being so rigid as to regulate farmers out of business.

Recent revisions to in the Pennsylvania nutrient management regulations have kept Pennsylvania ahead of the curve in maintaining environmental quality on livestock and poultry farms to the best extent possible. These revisions took into account that changes of the original regulations were 8 necessary to reflect development in agriculture and 9 technology, and that any changes in regulation requirements must allow farm families to realistically 11 operate to comply while earning a meaningful 12 livelihood.

Farm Bureau is confident that the Commission will address the difficult areas of facility odor management regulations in a reasonable and responsible manner, one that addresses the concerns of communities but is not unduly burdensome to Pennsylvania agriculture.

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It is important to note that the goal of 20 l Pennsylvania's Odor Management Program is to manage 21 odor from newly constructed and expanded concentrated 22 I animal operations and concentrated animal feeding operations. We must not confuse odor management with the complete elimination of odor from these facilities. We commend the proposed rulemaking's

recognition that odors are, by nature, subjective. To expect complete odor elimination would be unrealistic and cost-prohibitive for farmers.

We support the proposed rulemaking's focus on appropriate facility siting and the use of the Odor Site Index. The rulemaking requires greater odor management on farms that have a high potential to cause odor impacts on existing adjoining neighbors, as opposed to farmers with little potential to cause such impacts. We believe this is a fair and logical approach. And in factoring ag zones, ag security area and farmland preservation designations into the index, the proposed rulemaking and guidance protects the ability of farmers to run and expand their operations in areas that have been specifically designated for agriculture use.

We support clarifying the proposed rulemaking to state that odor evaluations need only assess the odor impact on existing adjoining property owners at the time of the plan submission. Farmers cannot be expected to anticipate whether communities might spring up around an existing operation. And they must not be expected to re-evaluate their odor management plan when the operation remains constant but the surrounding land use changes.

Carlotte Ca

1 We applaud the Commission for creating two levels of BMPs and involving a one fit --opposing a one-fit-size-all (sic) approach to odor management. It is imperative that farmers and plan writers have the flexibility to choose approved odor management practices that are practical and efficient for specific operations. We recommend that farmers be given the flexibility to switch one approved level two BMP to another without having to re-file a plan 10 amendment or rerun the Odor Site Index. 11 | flexibility should encourage farmers to implement the 12 most effective odor BMPs for their operation as 13 technology changes and new odor management opinions 14 (sic) become available. 15 We urge the Commission to implement 16 practical record keeping requirements. While many 17 odor management BMPs may require daily implementation, daily record keeping is unrealistic and would impose 19 an unnecessary burden on the regulatory committee

In conclusion, Act 38 instructs that odor management plans need only include reasonable available technology, practical, standard and strategic to manage odor impacts, and that the practical and economical feasibility of installation

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(sic).

and operation should be considered along with the potential impacts from the facilities.

We believe the proposed rulemaking and accompanying odor management guidance accomplish these We believe they provide a flexible (sic) goals. necessary to address the evolving science of odor management. Again, we thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on the proposed rulemakings.

COMMISSIONER MYERS:

Thank you. Any questions, Mr.

11 Goodlander, Mr. Dymond?

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MR. DYMOND:

Not from me.

COMMISSIONER MYERS:

Thank you, Mr. Musser. That's all of the people that signed up to testify. Are there anyone in 16 the room that would like to make some comments or testify? If not, we're going to keep the record open for another ten minutes just in case someone shows up and feels they want to testify. So with that, we're going to have the --- before we close the books, we're going to give them another ten minutes if anybody comes in. RECESS TAKEN

COMMISSIONER MYERS:

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On behalf of the Conservation Commission,
 2 I hereby adjourn the meeting at 7:26 p.m. Thank you
   call for coming. I wish you the best and a safe ride
   home.
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                MEETING CONCLUDED AT 7:26 P.M.
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CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the

foregoing proceeding 10/11 Myers was reported by me, that I have read this transcript on 10-17-07, and I attest that this transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceeding.

Court Reporter